



Landowners

Protect kauri on your property

You can help by

- > Fencing off kauri trees where possible
- > Keep animals away from kauri trees
- > Avoid kauri trees and keep off kauri tree roots
- > Maintain vehicle and machinery hygiene when working near kauri

We can help by

- > Testing your kauri trees for the disease
- > Producing a protection plan for your kauri trees
- > Providing hygiene kits to prevent the disease from spreading
- > Providing information and advice on kauri dieback

Recommendations

- > **Kauri tree locations** - Install signage around your property or forest blocks which contain kauri
- > **Boot cleaning area** - If required, set up a hygiene station near your boundary for visitors and/or hunters to use when entering and exiting your block
- > **Hygiene kits** - Carry a hygiene kit in your vehicle or on person if entering forest blocks with kauri

Report sick looking kauri trees to Northland Regional Council

0800 002 004

www.nrc.govt.nz/kauridieback

What does kauri dieback look like?

Infected trees show a range of symptoms including yellowing of foliage, loss of leaves, canopy thinning, branch dieback and orange/yellow coloured gum from lesions around the base of the tree. These symptoms increase as the tree progresses towards death.



Canopy loss, thinning, leaf yellowing or loss and tree death

Fresh looking, orange colour bleeding

Bleeds which start from the base and move up the tree



SCRUB

Your gear to remove dirt

Use a hard bristle brush to effectively remove dirt from boots and gear



CHECK

Your gear is dirt free

Thoroughly check over all gear that has been in contact with soil. Be sure to check in small crevices like boot tread



SPRAY

Your gear with disinfectant

Use a spray bottle with 70% Methylated spirits and 30% water to disinfect gear