



Hunters

Help protect kauri trees

You can help by

- ✓ Planning your route before heading out
- ✓ Hunting in areas without kauri
- ✓ Cleaning your boots, equipment and vehicle before entering forests
- ✓ Carrying a hygiene kit with you
- ✓ Avoiding areas in the forest with kauri stands
- ✓ Keeping animals away from kauri
- ✓ Keep off kauri tree roots
- ✓ Use existing tracks and trails where possible
- ✓ Do not enter closed tracks
- ✓ Having a second pair of footwear

Hygiene kit contents

- ✓ Boot bag
- ✓ Hard bristle scrubbing brush
- ✓ Spray bottle with disinfectant
- ✓ Pressure pump spray bottle with water to remove large amounts of dirt

It is illegal to release pigs in Northland

Report sick looking kauri trees to Northland Regional Council

0800 002 004

www.nrc.govt.nz/kauriprotection

What do PA (Phytophthora Agathidicida) Infected Kauri Look Like?

Infected trees show a range of symptoms including yellowing of foliage, loss of leaves, canopy thinning, branch dieback and orange/yellow coloured gum from lesions around the base of the tree. These symptoms increase as the tree progresses towards death.



Canopy loss, thinning, leaf yellowing or loss and tree death

Fresh looking, orange colour bleeding

Bleeds which start from the base and move up the tree



SCRUB

Your gear to remove dirt

Use a hard bristle brush to effectively remove dirt from boots and gear



CHECK

Your gear is dirt free

Thoroughly check over all gear that has been in contact with soil. Be sure to check in small crevices like boot tread



SPRAY

Your gear with disinfectant

Use 70% methylated spirits and 30% water to disinfect gear

